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w	ч	G	J	u	v			

How many notes can be found within a single octave on the piano? Tip: do not count double notes if they might occur.

Question 2

Give an alternative name for the notes listed below:

Eb =

G## =

D =

C# =

G =

A# =

Gb =

Cb =

Abb =

Question 3

Name the notes in the following scales:

A major: A B C# D E F# G# A D# major: D# E# FX G# A# B# CX

F major: F G A Bb C D E F

Question 4

Which scales belong to the notes listed below?

A - F# - G - D - E - C - B. = major

G# - E - C# - B - A - F# - D# = major

Question 5

If I would transpose an F# major key 3 steps down, which scale would I end up with?

.....

Which notes can I find in that scale?

.....

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Question 6 Transpose these chords 3 steps up: F Ab C =
C E G =
E# G# B# =
and, four steps down: G B D =
ACEG=
B D F =
Question 7 How many chords are there to be found in a major scale? Also, how many of which type of chords are there in a major scale?
Question 8 Write down all chords to be found in a G# Major Scale (just the name is fine):
Question 9 Write down a 4-chord progression that fits in a B major scale.
Question 10 Transpose this chord progression to an F major key, and provide the names of the chords:

Question 11 Name 6 basic terms used when describing a song structure:	
Question 12 When talking about time signatures, what do the top and bottom number indicate?	
Question 13 Name 10 different type of chords (families) that can be played on the piano	
Question 14 How many inversions are possible with the chords you mentioned at question 13? List the amount of inversions possible for each chord.	
••••••	

Question 15 What are the different type of pedals that can be found on a piano?
••••••
Question 16
What is an arpeggio?
••••••
Question 17
What is the distance between notes played on the different types of cleff's that you
are familiar with? (when talking about sheet music)
Question 18
When talking about sheet music, how do you know if:
1. A key has changed?
2. The cleff has changed?
3. A note should not be played as a sharp or flat?
4. The notes are properly divided in a measure when we talk about time
signatures?

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Question 19 When improvising on the piano, what is a useful chord to use so that you can improvise easily in any scale?
Ouestion 20

Draw the circle of fifth's:

Give 3 instructions for proper posture when playing the piano:
Question 22
What are the differences between a major scale, and a blues scale? You can name
multiple differences:
Question 23
Provide the notes for these blues scales:
F Ab Bb B C Eb F
F AU BU B C EU F
Db E Gb G Ab B Db
A# C# D# E F G# A#
Question 24
What is a chromatic scale?

Question 25

In which order can I move from a minor to a major scale, include harmonic and melodic minor's in your answer:

Minor, Harmonic, Melodic, Major
Question 26 What is an easy trick to find the notes to any melodic minor, as well as the notes to any harmonic minor? Minor > Raise the 7th note > Harmonic > Raise 6th and 7th > Melodic > Raise 3rd, 6th and 7th > Major
Question 27 Provide the notes for these scales
Harmonic minor:
G A Bb C D Eb F# G
D# E# F# G# A# B CX D#
Bb C Db Eb F Gb A Bb
Melodic Minor:
A# B# C# D# E# F# GX A#
D E F G A Bb CX D
Eb F Gb Ab Bb Cb D Eb
Question 28 What is a mode?

Put these modes in the correct order: Aeolian, Lydian, Dorian, Mixolydian, Phrygian
Question 30 Provide the notes for these modes:
Dorian D E F G A B C D
Phrygian A# B C# D# E# F# G# A#
Lydian: B C# D# E# F# G# A# B
Mixolydian C D E F G A Bb C
Aeolian Gb Ab Bbb Cb Db Ebb Fb Gb
Locrian Eb Fb Gb Ab Bbb Cb Db
Question 31 What are the most common chord progressions in pop music
Question 32
Question 32 What do I mean with splitting chords?
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Question 32 What do I mean with splitting chords? Question 33
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Question 34

What is a Slash Chord?

Question 35 Why would you use a slash chord?
Question 36 When changing keys, what is the chord that we use to pull towards the new key?
Question 37 What is the main thing to do when 'jazzing up a song'?
Question 38 How can you recognise if a major or minor chord is inverted, or played in root position?

Provide the steps between the essential notes in the chords to recognise root position or inversion. Provide all 6 examples that were presented to you.
Question 40
What are common mistakes when composing?